

Energy Efficient Mortgages Pilot Scheme Event

Official Launch of the Pilot Scheme, 14 June, Windsor, UK





Welcome & Pilot Scheme Introduction Luca Bertalot, EMF-ECBC



Banks can Play a Game Changing Role in Improving Energy Efficiency (EE)





Retrofitting impacts positively on property value ensuring **wealth conservation** & **loss mitigation** by preventing "brown discount"

EE leads to a reduction in the impact of energy costs to income, reducing borrowers' **probability of default**



Objective & Underlying Business Case

The **ultimate objective** is a pan-European private bank financing mechanism, based on a standardised approach, to encourage energy efficient improvement by households of the EU's housing stock by way of financial incentives linked to the mortgage, and in this way support the EU in meeting its energy savings targets. Independent from, but complementary to, public funds or tax incentives.

Underlying business case:





Bridging Renovation Gap - In Practice





Incentive Chain









Source: Eurostat



Cars that Defined an Era



Energy Efficient Mortgages Initiative

Source: author's calculation, Bnhof.de

in thousand units



Home, 'Expensive' Home



Housing cost as % of disposable income

Source: Eurostat – 2017 EU-SILC survey

Around 42% of disposable income of poorer households (below 60% of median income) is spent on housing costs

'Heat or Eat' Dilemma

- 24 74 heat 96 country 188 1082 1664 130 114 105 317 1199 1282 Legend 404 0 - 10 2382 10 - 21 21 - 31 31 - 41 41 - 52 52 - 62
 - 21% of EU population that earn 60% or less than median income in their respective countries, over 18 million people, live in a household which they cannot adequately heat
 - This issue has different degrees of relevant according to country

percentage of population below 60% median income unable to a dequately heat their dwelling* 0 - 10 10 - 21 21 - 31 31 - 41 41 - 52 52 - 62

The label shows the number of citizen (in thousands) affected

Source: Eurostat EU-SILC survey 2017 *according to the Survey definition

Energy Efficient

Mortgages Initiative







Breakdown of tenure status by income group

- In EU breakdown of how citizens live is reflected by their income group
- Poorer part of population in Europe (around 86 million people earn less than 60% of their respective Member States' median income) typically live as tenants
- These individuals are also more than two times less likely to have a mortgage than the rest of the population

■ owner with mortgage ■ owner without mortgage ■ tenant market price ■ tenant reduced price

Source: Eurostat – 2016 figures





Legend

House age - most represented decade of construction



Houses with History



Breakdown of age of housing stock according to selected capital cities



Label shows the percentage of dwellings built in the given period





Pilot Scheme: Existing Data Analysis & Operational Test Phase





List of Pilot Scheme Banks Involved (i):

- ABN AMRO (NL)
- Argenta Bank (BE)
- AXA Bank (BE)
- Banca Monte dei Paschi di Siena, BMPS (IT)
- Banco BPM (IT)
- Belfius Bank & Verzekeringen (BE)
- Berlin Hyp AG (DE)
- BNP Paribas Fortis (BE)
- BNP Paribas (UK)
- Groupe BPCE (FR)
- BPER Banca (IT)
- Caisse des Dépôts Group (FR)



List of Pilot Scheme Banks Involved (ii):

- Caixa Geral de Depósitos, CGD (PT)
- Caja Rural de Navarra (ES)
- Compagnie de Financement Foncier (FR)
- Crédit Agricole (IT)
- Crelan (BE)
- Friulovest Banca (IT)
- Garanti Bank (RO)
- ING Belgium (BE)
- KBC Bank (BE)
- Mortgage Society of Finland, Hypo (FI)
- Münchener Hypothekenbank eG (DE)
- Norddeutsche Landesbank, NORD/LB (DE)



List of Pilot Scheme Banks Involved (iii):

- Nordea Bank (SE)
- Nordea Eiendomskreditt (NO)
- Nordea Kredit (DK)
- Nordea Mortgage Bank (FI)
- OP Mortgage Bank (FI)
- Rabobank (NL)
- Raiffeisen Bank (RO)
- Société Générale (FR)
- Société Générale (IT)
- Triodos Bank (BE)
- Triodos Bank (ES)
- Unión de Créditos Inmobiliarios, UCI (ES)
- Volksbank Alto Adige (IT)



- European Commission
- European Investment Bank (EIB)
- European Bank for Reconstruction and Development (EBRD)
- The World Bank
- UNEP Finance Initiative
- International Finance Corporation (IFC)



- Alliance HQE -GBC France (FR)
- AmTrust International
- Cohispania (ES)
- Croatia Green Building Council, CGBC (HR)
- Dutch Green Building Council (NL)
- European Builders Confederation, EBC
- Finance Denmark, FIDA (DK)
- Flemish Construction Confederation, VCB (BE)
- German Sustainable Building Council, DGNB (DE)
- Green Building Council España, GBCe (ES)
- Green Building Council Finland, FIGBC (FI)
- Green Building Council Italia, GBC (IT)



- Irish Green Building Council, IGBC (IE)
- Madrid City Council (ES)
- Polish Green Building Council, PLGBC (PL)
- Romania Green Building Council, RoGBC (RO)
- Romanian Association of Banks, ARB (RO)
- S&P Global Ratings
- Tinsa Group (ES)
- UK Green Building Council, UKGBC (UK)
- UK Regulated Covered Bond Council, UK RCBC (UK)
- Union Professionnelle du Crédit/Febelfin (BE)
- Verband deutscher Pfandbriefbanken, vdp (DE)



60 confirmed participants (37 banks and 23 other organisations)





Pilot Scheme: Banks Coverage

- This map displays latest state of commitments made by 37 banks across the EU to Pilot Scheme.
- In total these banks represented EUR 3,106 billion (44,5%) in total outstanding mortgage loans.

Country	Total Numb	Only Banks	Total Outstanding Mortgage	Mortgage Loan Portfolio of	Coverage
			Market*	Participants**	in %
BE	10	8	217,126	217,126	100.00
DE	5	3	1,326,901	1,326,901	100.00
DK	2	1	243,586	243,586	100.00
ES	7	3	544,499	42,949	7.89
FI	4	3	94,056	42,380	45.06
FR	5	4	997,807	412,900	41.38
HR	1	0			
IE	1	0			
IT	8	7	368,169	177,254	48.14
NL	3	2	664,416	470,300	70.78
NO	1	1	274,257	25,800	9.41
PL	1	0			
PT	1	1	95,377	28,400	29.78
RO	4	2	12,893	12,893	100.00
SE	1	1	386,504	42,500	11.00
UK	3	1	1,544,729	89,509	5.79
EU/intern	0	0			
Total EEA			7,267,648	3,132,497	43.10
Total EU			6,981,540	3,106,697	44.50
Total euro	area		4,635,620	2,692,410	58.08



Coverage of pilot banks to total mortgage outstanding in 2017 *





The **Energy Efficiency Mortgage Pilot Scheme Product Framework**, which should be considered in order to ensure successful implementation of an Energy Efficient Mortgage product within banks' existing internal procedures, consist of the following sets of high-level guidelines:

- I. Implementation Guidelines for Banks
- II. Building Performance Assessment Guidelines
- III. Valuation Guidelines: Energy Efficiency Checklist

The final Product Framework has incorporated feedback received from the market consultation, series of national roundtables and interviews conducted since the publication of the draft Product Framework in February 2018.

The Pilot Scheme will test the Product Framework in an operational environment and feedback received from participants will feedback back into the guidelines with a view to reviewing and adjusting the Framework over time as appropriate to respond to the market.





Pilot Scheme: Looking for Market Solutions Identification of Critical Areas

- Facilitation of simplified EEM asset value chain (i.e. previous slides)
- How to incorporate and maximise the EPC standard
- Certification/guarantee of EE improvements (i.e. previous slides)
- How best to link and capture dynamic datasets
- Commercial partnership between banks and utility providers
- Areas to be examined:
 - Origination
 - Marketing
 - Funding
 - Investor relations
 - Partnerships (development of synergies with other stakeholders)
 - o IT Solutions data
 - Development of technical expertise (SMEs, Valuers, Energy Efficiency experts)

All areas to be further studied by **Subgroups** of Pilot Scheme participants in advance of the Pilot Scheme Meeting - 26 & 27 September, Venice



The Energy Efficient Mortgage Process



Energy Efficient Mortgages Initiative

Covered Bond Label: Sustainable Covered Bonds

Search	•											
ISIN		Issuer	Initial Date of Issuance	Maturity Date	Face value ¹	Coupon	Syn.	Listed	Tapped	Mat. ²	EEA3	LCI
🖉 🚾 ESo4	15306069	Caja Rural de Navarra, Cr	08/05/2018	08/05/2025	EUR 500,000,000	Fixed	Yes	Yes	No	нв	Yes	1
🥏 🔚 XSl 7	60129608	SpareBank 1 Boligkreditt	30/01/2018	30/01/2025	EUR1,000,000,000	Fixed	Yes	Yes	No	SB	Yes	1
🥏 🔳 DEoo	oBHYoGH2	Berlin Hyp AG	14/06/2017	23/10/2023	EUR 500,000,000	Fixed	Yes	Yes	No	HB	Yes	1
🖉 🚾 ESo4	15306051	Caja Rural de Navarra, Cr	01/12/2016	01/12/2023	EUR 500,000,000	Fixed	Yes	Yes	No	HB	Yes	1
🥖 🚾 ES04	43307063	Kutxabank S.A.	22/09/2015	22/09/2025	EUR1,000,000,000	Fixed	Yes	Yes	No	HB	Yes	1
🥖 💻 DEoo	oBHYoGP5	Berlin Hyp AG	05/05/2015	05/05/2022	EUR 500,000,000	Fixed	Yes	Yes	No	HB	Yes	1
🥏 🔳 DEoo	00MHB10S4	Münchener Hypothekenbank	24/09/2014	24/09/2019	EUR 300,000,000	Fixed	No	Yes	No	нв	Yes	2 A

The Labelled Sustainable Covered Bond Definition:

Sustainable covered bond. A Covered Bond Labelled sustainable covered bond is a covered bond that is fully compliant with the Covered Bond Label Convention, and also includes a formal commitment by the issuer to use an amount equivalent to the proceeds of that same covered bond to (re)finance loans in clearly defined environmental (green), social or a combination of environmental and social (sustainable) criteria. Covered Bond Labelled sustainable covered bond programs are based on their issuer's sustainable bond framework which has been verified by an independent external assessment. The issuer strives, on a best efforts basis, to replace eligible assets that have matured or are redeemed before the maturity of the bond by other eligible assets. [Against this background, please note that the EMF-ECBC is currently working on market initiatives which will ultimately define European criteria for energy efficiency covered bonds and sustainability standards]



Pilot Scheme: Next Meeting

Energy Efficient Mortgages Pilot Scheme Meeting - Venice, 26-27 September 2018 (information available on the website)





UK Government Julian Critchlow, Director General, Department for Business, Energy & Industrial Strategy, UK Government



European Commission

Gerassimos Thomas, Deputy Director-General for Energy



Energy Efficient Mortgages: Energy Company & Consumer Perspective Michael Lewis, CEO at E.ON UK



Energy Efficient Mortgages: Energy Company & Consumer Perspective Marco Marijewycz, International Market Manager, E.ON Solutions GmbH





Energy Efficient Mortgages Initiative Consumer Research Insights

Marco Marijewycz International Market Manager, E.ON EeMAP Consortium Member



This project has received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreement No 746205

www.energyefficientmortgages.eu

What Energy Efficient Mortgage concept did we test with consumers?



• EEIL funds upgrades determined by energy audit

Home-buyer benefits:

- Increased comfort
- Reduced borrowing costs
- Deliver lower energy bills

Lender benefits:

- Reduces risks/probability of default
- Protects against asset value
 erosion
- Creates collateral for Green
 Bonds

Across each market, we asked a series of questions to unpick reaction to the proposition



We're able to isolate key consumer groups across each metric, to understand who may be the initial target market for the Energy Efficient Mortgage (EEM) The majority of consumers in all markets feel they are clear how the Energy Efficient Mortgage works...



* Unclear in each market 7% of less

B3. How clear are you on how this new mortgage product works? Base: UK (525), Italy (516), Sweden (543)



... and Italian's feel it is most relevant, as some consumers in Sweden struggle to believe it could be of interest to them

Claimed relevance of EEM proposition All respondents





The Energy Efficient Mortgage holds greatest appeal to the Italian market, and outright rejection of the proposition is minimal...

Appeal of EEM proposition All respondents





The Green Mortgage's financial advantages drive its appeal access to a 'lower interest rate' is key in UK and Sweden, while 'saving in the long term' is important in Italy



Those who do not find the Energy Efficient Mortgage appealing are already planning on buying an energy efficient property, or do not want to take out an additional loan



Length of time for the work and a predicted short tenure are secondary barriers, alongside a worry about 'being tied in' to a certain mortgage



All other barriers under 6%

We also tested with respondents the value of a 'managed energy efficient renovation' service



Significantly higher or lower vs. option A

E1. How appealing do you find the below installation option? All who find Green Mortgage appealing UK=462, IT=481, SW=447 T3B / B3B

Across all markets, keeping costs in check and ensuring the quality of the works are key factors when considering both installation options

Why do you find it appealing? All who find installation option appealing

Top 3 reasons



- $\checkmark~$ The cost of the installation is guaranteed
- ✓ The quality of the installation is guaranteed Because the installer is recommended
- ✓ Do not have the hassle of managing the installation

✓ I have control over the cost of the installation

B

- ✓ I can guarantee the quality of the installation Because I pick the installer myself
- ✓ I have control and flexibility



Reasons are mirrored across the two options

E2. SUMMARY: Which of the following best describe why you find it appealing?

The Energy Efficient Mortgage's financial advantages drive its appeal, with aspects related to energy and property also important drivers



How should the Energy Efficient Mortgage proposition be communicated to maximise impact?



The Energy Efficient Mortgage is recognised as providing an array of different benefits - also talk about increasing property value, a loan for home improvement and reducing carbon foot print

Download the final Consumer Research report from the Energy Efficient Mortgage Initiative Website

from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under





http://eemap.energyefficientmortgages.eu/wpcontent/uploads/2018/04/EeMAP_D2.7_E.ON_Final.pdf

eon



Social Impact of Energy Efficient Mortgages - profiling energy risk in Denmark Kåre Christensen, Finance Denmark



Putting energy efficiency into a financial context

Families are financially susceptible to changes in costs of living

- Interest rates
- Taxes
- Energy costs
- Energy cost =
- Energy price *
- Energy consumption (energy efficiency)





Energy prices can be volatile

Crude oil, \$ per barrel \$160 \$140 \$120 \$100 \$80 \$60 M \$40 \$20 1970 1990 2000 2010 1950 1960 1980

Source: Macrotrends



Less pronounced at the consumer level

Energy costs to Danish consumers, % Y/Y







Characteristics of Danish energy labels

- Most common label is D
- Building year matters
- Geography matters





Energy labels in Denmark, single family homes





Building year matters









1961 < 1972







в







1973 < 1978





Source: Energistyrelsen



Potential impact of stressing energy costs

Calculating the impact of energy costs in a user cost model with geographical distribution

- Assuming an average house with an energy label **D** (district heating)
- Assuming an new build energy efficient house with an energy label A (district heating)
- Assuming a low energy efficient house with an energy label G (oil furnace)
- Assuming average energy consumption proportional to energy label







Energy Efficient Mortgages Initiative

Energy efficiency and heating source matters to energy costs and risks

Energy label	Area (m2)	Energy consumption per m2 (kWh)	Yearly consumption (kWh)	Yearly heating costs (euro)
A2020	140	20	2 800	263
A2015	140	37	5 200	489
A2010	140	64	9 000	846
В	140	86	12 000	1 128
С	140	133	18 600	1 748
D	140	180	25 200	2 368
E	140	227	31 800	2 988
F	140	286	40 100	3 768
G	140	286	40 100	3 768

Source: Energitilsynet and own calculations

Note: It is assumed that the house is heated through district heating at the cost of DKK 700 / MWh

Heating source	Typical house (euro)	Energy renovated house (euro)
District heating	2.368	2.001
Oil furnace	4.083	2.663



		How much would energy costs
		to the consumer have to rise to
	Change in heating costs if costs	equal a 1% increase in the
	increase 10%, euro per year	interet rate on a mortgage loan
D District heating	202	72%
A District heating	58	250%
G Oil furnace	551	26%



Energy efficiency standards and income distribution show correlation across geography

Distribution of energy labels in Denmark, owner occupation





Source: Finance Denmark, Statistics Denmark and own calculations



Energy costs make up a larger share of fixed costs in rural areas

Heating costs as a share of fixed costs are higher in rural areas





And hence, a uniform energy price increase of 10 % will also impact more in rural areas

Impact on fixed costs of a 10 % increase in heating costs





The data shows that

- The social impact of an energy price schock is lobsided, as it will have the biggest impact in rural areas
 - Where energy efficiency standards are lower
 - Where family incomes are lower
- Energy efficient mortgages potentially will have the biggest carbon impact if they can also become attractive to lower income families living in rural areas
- Energy efficient mortgages creating energy improving investments can help make families less vulnerable to energy price swings
- Transportation costs weigh more in fixed costs in rural areas



Panel Debate: Pilot Scheme Roadmap The way forward

Stephen Richardson World Green Building Council (WGBC)

Panel Moderator Luca Bertalot EMF-ECBC Zsolt Toth Royal Institution of Chartered Surveyors (RICS)

Elisabeth Minjauw BNP Paribas Fortis

Miguel García de Eulate Caja Rural de Navarra



Questions & Answers Luca Bertalot, EMF-ECBC



Conclusions & Next Steps *Luca Bertalot, EMF-ECBC*



Partners



For additional information on the Energy Efficient Mortgages Initiative

- Visit: <u>http://www.energyefficientmortgages.eu/</u>
- Contact:

Luca Bertalot Secretary General of the EMF-ECBC <u>lbertalot@hypo.org</u>



The EeMAP and EeDaPP projects have received funding from the European Union's Horizon 2020 research and innovation programme under grant agreements No 746205 and 784979